

The past few months only extended 2022’s historic losses in fixed income and a bear market in stocks. For those investing for income or with a balanced approach—that is, investors with “conservative” strategies—2022 has been their *annus horribilis*. Millions of investors have seen account values drop more this year than any previous calendar year. The Great Financial Crisis didn’t exact this much punishment.

Market Index	2022 as of 9/30
S&P 500 Index	-23.9%
Total International Stock Index (MSCI)	-26.6%
Bloomberg Barclays Aggregate Bond Index	-14.6%
Gold	-7.4%

Thousands of more typical “Balanced” strategies and their millions of investors are down 20% or more. Yet, at the risk of sounding self-serving, those who entered 2022 without large holdings in long term bonds and stocks at the heart of the recent tech/crypto mania should recognize their fortuitous situation. After many rounds pouring through data and clients’ portfolios, objectives, and financial realities, I’m still not convinced a further slide in stocks and bonds should inflict anything more than temporary discomfort. Instead, our relatively modest losses and current investment positioning mean a likely future of higher returns (and perhaps more than triple the cash income generation) than what we were presented in recent years.

More encouraging than modest losses are how our numbers are somewhat illusory since a portion of the losses come from shorter term fixed income securities (Treasurys and high-quality agency and corporate issues) that at some point must soon reverse their slide to gains when prices rise to “par value” as maturity dates draw closer.

With the exceptions of negative-yielding fixed income securities or those denominated in foreign currency, all fixed income securities inevitably make back any paper losses over time. However, in the case of long term bonds with maturities 10-30 years out, the wait could be long. Fortunately, our investments have included little in longer term bonds, which may not be news as you have heard and read about my growing skepticism towards bonds in the past. What might be news is the state of income being generated. For years, we saw a total portfolio yield—interest and dividends—of less than 1.5% in our typical multi-asset portfolio strategies. Today, the same portfolios show a yield going forward of almost 4% and rising, despite still having a slim allocation in longer term bonds.



Investors everywhere typically have had around one-quarter of their fixed income exposure committed to bonds 10-30 years in maturity, if only because bond indexes—and the trillions of dollars of mutual and index funds that follow them—are allocated that way. With little long term holdings, we have greater ability to reinvest at higher yields and increase income generation.

Our losses this year could be seen as a small price for replacing a past world of slim yields indefinitely for a world offering 4%-plus and rising as we capture more bonds with yields in excess of 5%, 6%, and possibly more.

Stocks

Higher rates have similarly wrecked stock valuations. However, unlike with shorter term bonds, there is no math assuring us losses will soon reverse, no gravity pulling prices to par. Stocks are not bonds. Whether owned privately or through stocks, businesses represent complex and organic assets with indefinite investment horizons. Their values fluctuate more, especially when publicly traded. And their values decline indefinitely and irreversibly.

Many of the high growth darlings of the past several years, including new internet companies, mobile payments, and some outside of the technology sector, have seen their stock prices drop 75% or more. As in previous bear markets, there are many lessons being learned and re-learned.

There is cause for optimism here, too. As with fixed income, our approach to stocks has been rather conservative with lower allocations across strategies and being underweight technology and internet-based stocks that still comprise over one-third the stock market's value. As a result, losses from stocks have been materially less than the market this year.

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